

**Subject: 102-Compulsory Generic Core
102 GC Organizational Behavior
QUESTION BANK For Div A & C**

- S.NO Questions - Part A
- 1 Define Organizational Behaviour
 - 2 List out the challenges in the field of Organizational Behaviour
 - 3 State the elements of Organisational Behaviour.
 - 4 Mention the nature of OB.
 - 5 State the need for studying Organisational Behaviour.
 - 6 Give the determinants of Organisational Behaviour
 - 7 What is meant by the Autocratic Model?
 - 8 What is meant by the Social Cognitive framework of OB?
 - 9 Human Behaviour has a cause-effect relationship – Justify
 - 10 Define Collegial Model.
 - 11 Differentiate between the Autocratic and Supportive model
 - 12 State the pros and cons of the Custodial Model.
 - 13 What is the contribution of Sociology to organization behaviour?
 - 14 What is the concept of Group Behaviour?
 - 15 How would you differentiate between individual and Group Behaviour?
 - 16 Write a short note on Custodial Model.
 - 17 What is your opinion on Collegial Model in Organisation Behaviour?
 - 18 State the opportunities in the field of Organisational Behaviour.
 - 19 Why do you think organisations need to have an understanding of human behaviour?
 - 20 What do you think are the limitations in the field of OB?
 - 21 How do sociology and anthropology contribute to Organizational Behaviour?
 - 22 Why is there a need to study organizational behaviour to understand self and others?
 - 23 List out the factors influencing Organizational Behaviour.

- 24 Mention a few points about the future of Organizational Behaviour.
- 25 Discuss the nature and scope of Organisational Behaviour in the field of management with suitable examples.
- 26 Elaborate on the major challenges faced by the management in the field of OB.
- 27 Write a detailed note on Hawthorne's experiments and how they contributed towards the study of OB.
- 28 Human Behaviour is more complex than what people believe. Do you agree? Substantiate your views.
- 29 What are the factors that add to the complexity of human behaviour?
- 30 Trace the evolution of Organisation Behaviour.
- 31 Narrate the contributions of various disciplines towards the study of Organisational Behaviour.
- 32 Elaborate on the theoretical framework of OB
- 33 Give your analysis of the various models of Organisational Behaviour.
- 34 If job satisfaction is not behaviour why is it considered the most important independent variable. Construct your arguments on this statement by listing various examples.
- 35 What challenges do you see in the field of Organisation Behaviour?
- 36 Elaborate on the role & skill sets required for managers.
- 37 'Organisational Behaviour is an applied behavioural science based on contributions from numerous behavioural disciplines' – Discuss the statement.
- 38 Explain how the change in technology has impacted People Management.
- 39 'Organisation as an open system requires the present leaders(managers) to be highly adept' – How would you explain this?
- 40 What are the major challenges facing today's organizations and management? Briefly describe this development.
- 41 Discuss similarities and dissimilarities among the models of O.B.
- 42 Describe how O.B is an interdisciplinary subject.
- 43 Write about the concept of Personality.
- 44 Differentiate Introvert and Extrovert.
- 45 List down the factors influencing Personality.
- 46 Define Emotional Intelligence.
- 47 List down the significance of Emotional Intelligence.
- 48 Define Attitudes.
- 49 State the factors influencing attitude formation.
- 50 Define Values
- 51 How would you explain a Value System?
- 52 What is meant by Halo Effect?
- 53 Define Perception.
- 54 What is meant by Stereotyping?
- 55 How would you explain Selective Perception?



- 56 Define Impression Management
- 57 State the components of Perception.
- 58 What is the importance of Values?
- 59 What are the sources of Values?
- 60 What are the major determinants of personality?
- 61 Write a short note on Trait Theory.
- 62 How does personality relate to organizational Behaviour?
- 63 What are the stages of personality?
- 64 Discuss the characteristics & importance of Perception.
- 65 How does sensation differ from perception? Explain.
- 66 Explain in detail how the external factors affect perception.
- 67 What does stereotyping mean? Give an example of how stereotyping can create perception.
- 68 Define Organisation Structure.
- 69 What are the needs for a formal organisation structure?
- 70 Differentiate between formal and informal organisations.
- 71 Explain the concept of group dynamics.
- 72 Write a short note on Group Dynamics.
- 73 Define the concept of Group Cohesiveness
- 74 What is meant by Group Norms?
- 75 Why do informal groups come into existence?
- 76 What is meant by Group Behaviour?
- 77 Write a short note on Nominal Groups in decision-making.
- 78 What is meant by Conflict?
- 79 Give an outline of the communication process.
- 80 List the importance of managing conflict in an organisation.
- 81 Differentiate between Team and Groups
- 82 Write the stages in Group Development.
- 83 What are the barriers to effective communication?
- 84 Differentiate between Formal and Informal Groups.
- 85 What do you mean by group decision-making?

- 86 List the few group decision making techniques.
- 87 What are the dimensions of conflict?
- 88 List the major forms of conflict.
- 89 What is Fundamental Attribution error.
- 90 Define the concept of instrumentality from Vroom's model.
- 91 Briefly discuss the concept, need and importance of formal organisation structure.
- 92 Give a detailed differentiation between formal and informal organisation.
- 93 How far does a formal and informal group influence the organisation and affect the group dynamics?
- 94 Give a detailed outline of the various stages of group development.
- 95 What is the importance of Organisation Structure?
- 96 Explain in detail the various Group Decision-making techniques.
- 97 Give a brief on the importance of effective communication with suitable examples from the Indian education system
- 98 Define group cohesiveness and describe the factors influencing group cohesiveness.
- 99 How do formal groups play role in an organisation?
- 100 Discuss the measures of managing conflict.
- 101 Discuss the barriers in Communication and state the measures to overcome these barriers.
- 102 Explain the differences between functional and dysfunctional Conflict.
- 103 What are the styles of conflict management? Discuss.
- 104 Discuss the major forms of conflict in organisations.
- 105 Compare merits and Demerits of Power
- 106 What do you mean by transformational leadership?
- 107 What are the traditional styles of leadership?
- 108 Differentiate Leadership and Power
- 109 State the reasons for organizational politics.
- 110 What is Group dynamics?
- 111 What is meant by autocratic leadership?
- 112 Explain the different styles of traditional leadership
- 113 List the qualities of a good Leader.
- 114 Recall the difference between power and politics.
- 115 What is Organisational Culture?

- 116 State your understanding of Charismatic Leadership.
- 117 What do you understand by the managerial Grid?
- 118 Define leadership
- 119 What is the meaning of corporate leadership?
- 120 Who is the best corporate leader?
- 121 What makes a good corporate leader?
- 122 What is the role of leaders in corporate governance?
- 123 Define Leadership. Explain the major styles of Leadership
- 124 Write a Detailed note on the nature and importance of Leadership
- 125 What are the reasons for Organisational Politics? Explain
- 126 What are the sources of power? Explain how the power and politics contribute towards effective management of human resources in a democratic country like India
- 127 Discuss the various leadership styles along with its advantages and disadvantages.
- 128 Define and discuss about various leadership theories.
- 129 What do you mean by organisational politics? Why do organisational politics emerge?
- 130 Elaborate on the role of Women in Corporate Leadership.
- 131 Define political behaviour. Why is politics a fact of life in organizations?
- 132 Elaborate on corporate leadership in detail.
- 133 Discuss in detail the need and importance of corporate leadership in detail.
- 134 What are the characteristics of OD?
- 135 Give the major external reasons for the change in organizations.
- 136 What are the causes of stress? How to Manage them?
- 137 What are the determinants of Job
- 138 What is Job Satisfaction?
- 139 What is eustress?
- 140 Define Work Stress.
- 141 Define Organisational Culture.
- 142 Mention Four Characteristics of Organisational Culture.
- 143 What is work-life balance?
- 144 What is stress management? Briefly discuss the causes of stress.
- 145 Define change in an organization and explain its process.
- 146 Distinguish between organizational culture and climate.
- 147 State the factors influencing organizational culture.
- 148 Write short notes on Benefits of Workforce Diversity
- 149 Discuss the consequences of stress & prevention of stress.
- 150 Discuss the consequences of stress & prevention of stress.

- | S.NO | Questions | PART - B |
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| 1 | Give a critical evaluation of the various Organisational Behavioral Models. | |
| 2 | Discuss the contribution of Organisation Behaviour in managing employees in a business firm | |
| 3 | “Human Behaviour is generally caused and predictable.” Explain. | |
| 4 | ‘Perception is key factor in Managerial Efficiency’ – How would you defend this statement? | |
| 5 | ‘Attitude determines your Altitude’ – Substantiate your views about this quote with relevant examples from corporate. | |
| 6 | Describes the types of Motivational Patterns used to motivate employees in Indian Organizations. | |
| 7 | “That you and I agree on what we see suggests we have similar backgrounds and experiences.” Do you agree or disagree? Discuss. | |
| 8 | “High Cohesiveness in a group leads to higher group productivity”. Do you agree or disagree? Explain. | |
| 9 | If group decisions consistently achieve better quality outcomes than those achieved by individuals, how did the phrase “A camel is a horse designed by a committee” become so popular and ingrained in the culture? | |
| 10 | A minimum level of conflict is good for an organization- Illustrate. | |
| 11 | “High Cohesiveness in a group leads to higher group productivity”. Do you agree or disagree? Explain. | |
| 12 | If group decisions consistently achieve better quality outcomes than those achieved by individuals, how did the phrase “A camel is a horse designed by a committee” become so popular and ingrained in the culture? | |
| 13 | “Frustration causes harm to an employee experiencing it.” Explain. | |
| 14 | What effect if any, do you expect in the leadership practices of Modern organizations? | |
| 15 | Briefly write about the functional power distribution and write the various tactics employed to gain power. | |
| 16 | “A leader is developed and not born.” Do you agree with this? Explain with reasons. | |
| 17 | “We should be opposed to the manipulation of individuals for organizational purposes, but a degree of social uniformity enables organizations to work better”. Do you agree or disagree with this statement? What are its implications for organisational culture? Discuss. | |
| 18 | What are the reasons for resistance to change? What can the management do to overcome such resistance? | |
| 19 | If you were in charge of designing the ideal management development programme, what topics would you include? Why? | |
| 20 | Study of Organizational Behavior helps Successful Managers’ – Justify | |



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